

Air Quality Conformity Analysis Report

Cambria County Metropolitan Planning Organization (CCMPO)
2019-2022 TIP and 2040 LRTP

National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) Addressed:

- 1997 8-Hour Ozone Maintenance Area
- 2006 24-Hour PM_{2.5} Maintenance Area

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Summary of Attachments

- Attachment A:** Project List
- Attachment B:** Detailed Emission Results
- Attachment C:** Sample MOVES Input Files

Overview

This report provides an analysis of the air quality implications of the Cambria County MPO (CCMPO) 2019-2022 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) and 2040 Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP). The analysis demonstrates transportation conformity under the 1997 8-hour ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) and the 2006 24-hour fine particulate (PM_{2.5}) NAAQS. The air quality conformity analysis reflects an assessment of the regionally significant, non-exempt transportation projects included in both the TIP and the RTP.

This document replaces the previously approved conformity demonstration of the TIP and LRTP, and ensures that the findings meet all current criteria established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for the applicable NAAQS. A new conformity determination has been completed to provide a regional forecast of emissions based on planned air quality significant projects and the latest available planning assumptions.

Background on Transportation Conformity

Transportation conformity is a way to ensure that federal funding and approval are awarded to transportation activities that are consistent with air quality goals. Under the Clean Air Act (CAA), transportation and air quality modeling procedures must be coordinated to ensure that the TIP and the LRTP are consistent with the area's applicable State Implementation Plan (SIP). The SIP is a federally approved and enforceable plan by which each area identifies how it will attain and/or maintain the health-related primary and welfare-related secondary NAAQS.

In order to receive transportation funding and approvals from the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) or the Federal Transit Administration (FTA), state and local transportation agencies must demonstrate that the plans, programs, or projects meet the transportation conformity requirements of the CAA as set forth in the transportation conformity rule. Under the transportation conformity rule, transportation plans are expected to conform to the applicable SIP in nonattainment or maintenance areas. The integration of transportation and air quality planning is intended to ensure that transportation plans, programs, and projects will not:

- Cause or contribute to any new violation of any applicable NAAQS.
- Increase the frequency or severity of any existing violation of any applicable NAAQS.
- Delay timely attainment of any applicable NAAQS, any required interim emissions reductions, or other NAAQS milestones.

The transportation conformity determination includes an assessment of future highway emissions for defined analysis years, including the end year of the LRTP. Emissions are estimated using the latest available planning assumptions and available analytical tools, including EPA's latest approved on-highway mobile sources emissions model, the Motor Vehicle Emission Simulator (MOVES). The conformity determination provides a tabulation of the analysis results for applicable precursor pollutants, showing that the required conformity test was met for each analysis year.

Report Contents

This document includes a summary of the methodology and data assumptions used for the conformity analysis. As shown in **Exhibit 1**, attachments containing additional detail have been provided with the document. In addition, modeling input and output files have been reviewed by the EPA Region III and the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (DEP).

EXHIBIT 1: SUMMARY OF ATTACHMENTS

Attachment	Title	Description
A	Project List	Provides a list of regionally significant highway projects that have been updated or added to the TIP and LRTP.
B	Detailed Emission Results	Provides a detailed summary of emissions by roadway type.
C	MOVES Sample Run Specification	Provides example MOVES data importer (XML) and run specification (MRS) files.

National Ambient Air Quality Standard Designations

The CAA requires the EPA to set NAAQS for pollutants considered harmful to public health and the environment. A nonattainment area is any area that does not meet the primary or secondary NAAQS. Once a nonattainment area meets the standards and additional redesignation requirements in the CAA [Section 107(d)(3)(E)], EPA will designate the area as a maintenance area.

Cambria County is currently included in the *Johnstown, PA* maintenance area under both the 1997 8-hour ozone NAAQS and the 2006 24-hour PM_{2.5} NAAQS. Cambria County is in attainment for the 2012 annual PM_{2.5} and 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS. Transportation conformity requires nonattainment and maintenance areas to demonstrate that all future transportation projects will not prevent an area from reaching its air quality attainment goals.

Final Particulate Matter

Fine particulate matter (PM_{2.5}) can be emitted directly into the atmosphere (sources include exhaust and dust from brake and tire wear), or formed in the atmosphere by combinations of precursor pollutants (secondary formation). Sulfates and nitrates are two types of pollutants that contribute to secondary formation. Sulfate emissions are a result of power plant and industry emissions, while nitrate emissions result from automobiles, power plants, and other combustion sources. Scientific studies have shown a significant correlation between exposure to fine particulates and severe health issues such as heart disease, lung disease, and premature death.

The pollutants that could be analyzed in a conformity analysis are: [1] direct PM_{2.5} emissions (tail pipe emissions, brake and tire wear), [2] re-entrained road dust, and [3] precursors, like nitrogen oxides (NO_x), volatile organic compounds (VOC), sulfur oxides (SO_x) and ammonia (NH₃). The EPA has ruled that until the EPA or DEP find that other precursor pollutants are significant contributors, and a SIP

revision is approved stating such findings, direct PM_{2.5} emissions and NO_x are the only pollutants that must be analyzed for transportation conformity (40 CFR 93.119(f)(8)–(10)).

1997 Annual PM_{2.5} and 2006 24-hour PM_{2.5} Standards

The EPA published the 1997 annual PM_{2.5} NAAQS on July 18, 1997, (62 FR 38652), with an effective date of September 16, 1997. An area is in nonattainment of this standard if the 3-year average of the annual mean PM_{2.5} concentrations (for designated monitoring sites within an area) exceed 15.0 micrograms per cubic meter (µg/m³). Cambria County was designated as part of the Johnstown nonattainment area under the 1997 annual PM_{2.5} NAAQS, effective April 5, 2005 (70 FR 944).

The EPA published the 2006 24-hour PM_{2.5} NAAQS on October 17, 2006, (71 FR 61144), with an effective date of December 18, 2006. The rulemaking strengthened the 1997 24-hour standard of 65 µg/m³ (62 FR 38652) to 35 µg/m³ and retained the 1997 annual PM_{2.5} NAAQS of 15 µg/m³. An area is in nonattainment of the 2006 24-hour PM_{2.5} NAAQS if the 98th percentile of the annual 24-hour concentrations, averaged over three years, is greater than 35 µg/m³. Cambria County was designated as a nonattainment area as part of the Johnstown nonattainment area under the 2006 24-hour PM_{2.5} NAAQS, effective December 14, 2009 (74 FR 58688).

A redesignation request and maintenance plan applicable to both the 1997 annual and 2006 24-hour PM_{2.5} NAAQS was approved by EPA and effective as of July 16, 2015 (80 FR 42046). The maintenance plan includes 2017 and 2025 PM_{2.5} and NO_x mobile vehicle emission budgets (MVEBs) for transportation conformity purposes.

Since the last conformity determination was completed, EPA took final action on the “*Fine Particulate Matter National Ambient Air Quality Standards: State Implementation Plan Requirements*” rule on August 24, 2016 (81 FR 58010 effective on October 24, 2016). In that rulemaking, EPA finalized the option that revokes the 1997 primary annual PM_{2.5} NAAQS in areas that are designated as attainment or maintenance of that NAAQS. After revocation, areas no longer have to expend resources on CAA air quality planning and conformity determination requirements associated with the 1997 annual PM_{2.5} NAAQS.

2012 Annual PM_{2.5} Standard

The EPA published the 2012 annual PM_{2.5} NAAQS on January 15, 2013, (78 FR 3086), with an effective date of March 18, 2013. The EPA revised the annual PM_{2.5} NAAQS by strengthening the standard from 15 µg/m³ to 12 µg/m³. An area is in nonattainment of this standard if the 3 year average of the annual mean PM_{2.5} concentrations for designated monitoring sites in an area is greater than 12.0 µg/m³. On December 18, 2014, EPA issued final designations for the standard that were revised on April 7, 2015 (80 FR 18535). Cambria County was designated in attainment of the standard.

Ozone

Ozone is formed by chemical reactions occurring under specific atmospheric conditions. Precursor pollutants that contribute to the formation of ozone include VOC and NO_x, both of which are components of vehicle exhaust. VOCs may also be produced through the evaporation of vehicle fuel, as well as by displacement of vapors in the gas tank during refueling. By controlling VOC and NO_x emissions, ozone formation can be mitigated.

1997 and 2008 8-hour Ozone NAAQS

The EPA published the 1997 8-hour ozone NAAQS on July, 18, 1997, (62 FR 38856), with an effective date of September 16, 1997. An area was in nonattainment of the 1997 8-hour ozone NAAQS if the 3-year average of the individual fourth highest air quality monitor readings, averaged over 8 hours throughout the day, exceeded the NAAQS of 0.08 parts per million (ppm). On May 21, 2013, the EPA published a rule revoking the 1997 8-hour ozone NAAQS, for the purposes of transportation conformity, effective one year after the effective date of the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS area designations (77 FR 30160). As of July 20, 2013, Cambria County no longer needs to demonstrate conformity to the 1997 8-hour ozone NAAQS. However, future SIP revisions must address EPA's anti-backsliding requirements.

The EPA published the 2008 8-hour Ozone NAAQS on March 27, 2008, (73 FR 16436), with an effective date of May 27, 2008. EPA revised the ozone NAAQS by strengthening the standard to 0.075 ppm. Thus, an area is in nonattainment of the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS if the 3-year average of the individual fourth highest air quality monitor readings, averaged over 8 hours throughout the day, exceeds the NAAQS of 0.075 ppm. Cambria County was designated as an attainment area under the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS, effective July 20, 2012 (77 FR 30088). As a result, transportation conformity is not required for the standard.

On February 16, 2018, the D.C. Circuit reached a decision in *South Coast Air Quality Management District v. EPA*, Case No. 15-1115. In that decision, the court vacated major portions of the final rule that established procedures for transitioning from the 1997 ozone NAAQS to the stricter 2008 ozone NAAQS. While the implications of this ruling are being decided, this conformity determination addresses transportation conformity to the 1997 8-hour ozone NAAQS.

2015 8-hour Ozone NAAQS

In October 2015, based on its review of the air quality criteria for ozone and related photochemical oxidants, the EPA revised the primary and secondary NAAQS for ozone to provide requisite protection of public health and welfare, respectively (80 FR 65292). The EPA revised the levels of both standards to 0.070 ppm, and retained their indicators, forms (fourth-highest daily maximum, averaged across three consecutive years) and averaging times (eight hours). Under the Clean Air Act, the EPA administrator is required to make all attainment designations within two years after a final rule revising the NAAQS is published. However, the deadline for EPA to issue designations for the 2015 NAAQS for ozone passed on

October 1, 2017. Once designations are final, transportation conformity will be required within 12 months for any areas designated as nonattainment areas under the standard.

Interagency Consultation

As required by the federal transportation conformity rule, the conformity process includes a significant level of cooperative interaction among federal, state, and local agencies. For this air quality conformity analysis, interagency consultation was conducted as required by the Pennsylvania Conformity SIP. This included conference call(s) or meeting(s) of the Pennsylvania Transportation-Air Quality Work Group (including the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation (PennDOT), DEP, EPA, FHWA, FTA and representatives from larger MPOs within the state). Meeting and conference calls were conducted on October 4, 2017; January 25, 2018 and April 11, 2018 to review all input planning assumptions, methodologies and analysis years.

Analysis Methodology and Data

This transportation conformity analysis was conducted using EPA's MOVES model. MOVES is an upgrade to EPA's modeling tools and replaces MOBILE6.2 as the official model for estimating emissions from highway vehicles for SIP emission inventories and transportation conformity (75 FR 9411), effective March 2, 2010. MOVES2014a has been used for this conformity determination and is the latest approved model version for SIP and transportation conformity purposes (79 FR 60343).

Planning assumptions are updated following EPA and FHWA joint guidance (EPA420-B-08-901) that clarifies the implementation of the latest planning assumption requirements in 40 CFR 92.110. This analysis utilizes the latest available traffic, vehicle fleet and environmental data to estimate regional highway emissions. Pennsylvania updates state-level planning assumptions on a 3-year cycle and this information is integrated into the conformity analyses.

The analysis methodology and data inputs for this analysis were developed through interagency consultation and used available EPA guidance documents that included:

- *Policy Guidance on the Use of MOVES2014 for State Implementation Plan Development, Transportation Conformity, and Other Purposes*, US EPA Office of Air and Radiation, EPA-420-B-14-008, July 2014.
- *MOVES2014 and MOVES2014a Technical Guidance: Using MOVES to Prepare Emission Inventories in State Implementation Plans and Transportation Conformity*. US EPA Office of Air and Radiation, and Office of Transportation and Air Quality, EPA-420-B-15-093, November 2015.
- *MOVES2014a User Guide*, US EPA Office of Transportation and Air Quality, EPA-420-B-15-095, November 2015.

A mix of local and national default (internal to MOVES) data are used in the analysis. As illustrated in **Exhibit 2**, local data has been used for data items that have a significant impact on emissions, including:

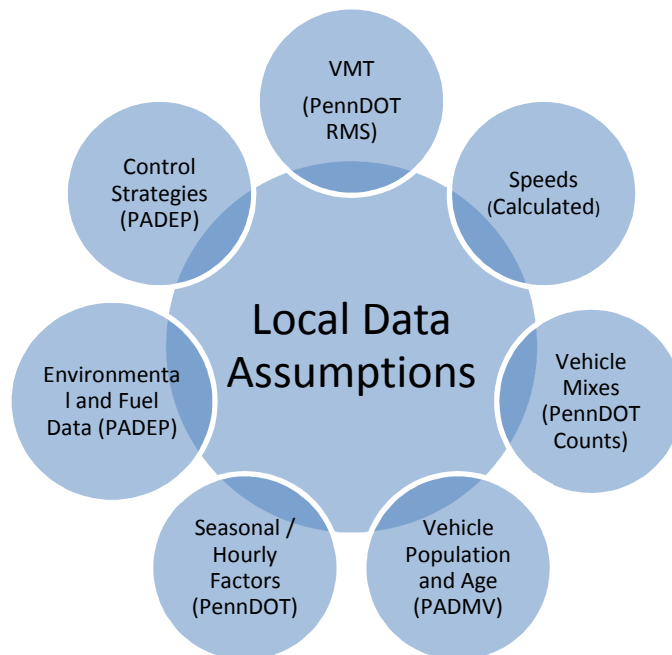
vehicle miles of travel (VMT), vehicle population, congested speeds, and vehicle type mix, as well as environmental and fuel assumptions. Local data inputs to the analysis process reflect the latest available planning assumptions using information obtained from PennDOT, DEP and other local/national sources.

The methodology used for this analysis is consistent with the methodology used to develop SIP inventories. This includes the use of custom post-processing software (PPSUITE) to calculate hourly speeds and prepare key traffic input files to the MOVES emission model.

PPSUITE consists of a set of programs that perform the following functions:

- Analyzes highway operating conditions.
- Calculates highway speeds.
- Compiles VMT and vehicle type mix data.
- Prepares MOVES runs and processes MOVES outputs.

EXHIBIT 2: LOCAL DATA INPUTS USED FOR CONFORMITY RUNS

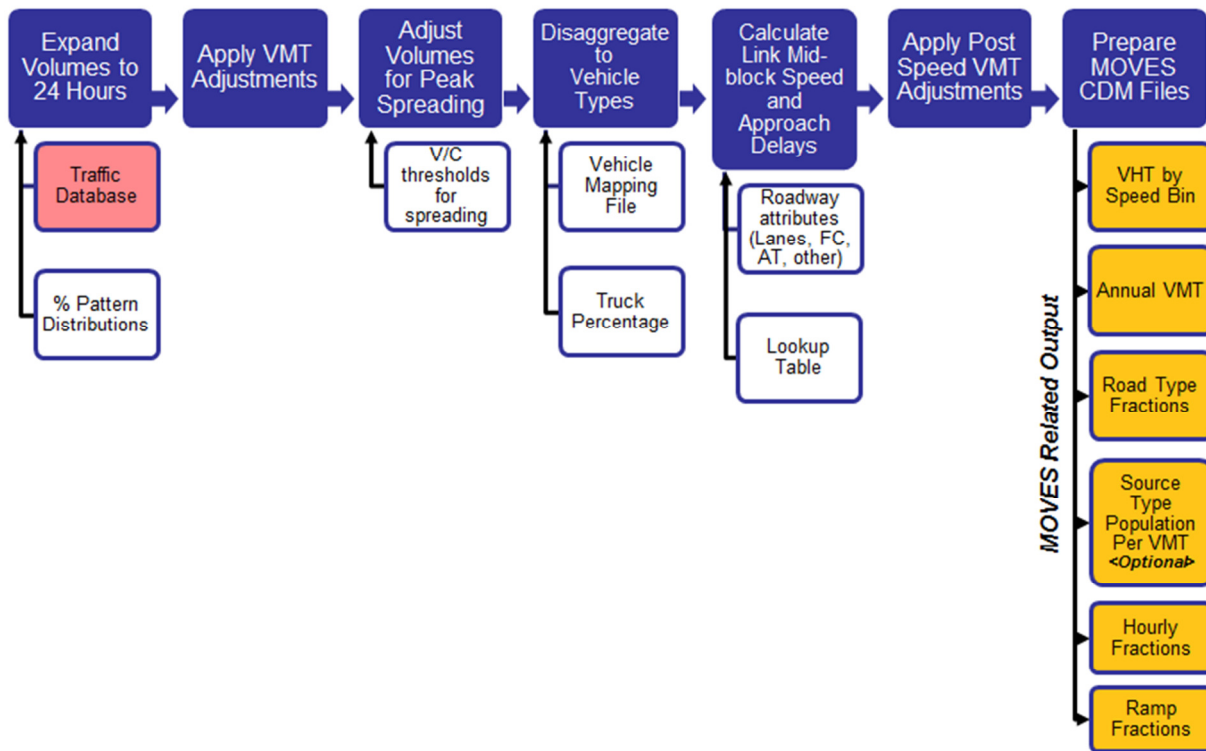


PPSUITE is a widely used and accepted tool for estimating speeds and processing emissions rates. The PPSUITE tool has been used for developing on-highway mobile source inventories in SIP revisions, control strategy analyses, and conformity analyses in other states. The software was developed to utilize accepted transportation engineering methodologies. The PPSUITE process is integral to producing traffic-related input files to the MOVES emission model. **Exhibit 3** summarizes the key functions of PPSUITE within the emission calculation process. Other MOVES input files are prepared

externally to the PPSUITE software, including vehicle population, vehicle age, environmental and fuel input files.

The CENTRAL software is also used in this analysis. CENTRAL is a menu-driven software platform that executes the PPSUITE and MOVES processes in batch mode. The CENTRAL software allows users to execute runs for a variety of input options and integrates custom MySQL steps into the process. CENTRAL provides important quality control and assurance steps, including file naming and storage automation.

EXHIBIT 3: EMISSION CALCULATION PROCESS



Key MOVES Input Data

A large number of inputs to MOVES are needed to fully account for the numerous vehicle and environmental parameters that affect emissions. These inputs include traffic flow characteristics, vehicle descriptions, fuel parameters, I/M program parameters and environmental variables. MOVES includes a default national database of meteorology, vehicle fleet, vehicle activity, fuel and emission control program data for every county; EPA, however, cannot certify that the default data is the most current or best available information for any specific area. As a result, local data, where available, is recommended for use when conducting a regional conformity analysis. A mix of local and default data is used for this analysis. These data items are discussed in the following sections.

Roadway Data

The roadway data inputs to emissions calculations for this conformity analysis are based on information from the Roadway Management System (RMS) database maintained by PennDOT’s Bureau of Planning and Research (BPR). PennDOT obtains this information from periodic visual and electronic traffic counts. RMS data is dynamic, since it is continually reviewed and updated from new traffic counts and field visits conducted by PennDOT. Information on roadways included in the U.S. Department of Transportation (USDOT) National Highway System is reviewed, at minimum, on an annual basis, while information on other roadways is reviewed at least biennially. On a triennial basis, a current “snapshot” of the RMS database is taken and downloaded to provide an updated record of the Commonwealth’s

highway system for estimating emissions. The RMS database contains all state highways, including the Pennsylvania Turnpike, divided into segments approximately 0.5 miles in length. These segments are usually divided at important intersections or locations where there is a change in the physical characteristics of the roadway (e.g. the number of lanes changes). There are approximately 82,000 state highway segments across all 67 Pennsylvania counties. The following information is extracted from RMS for emission calculations:

- Lanes.
- Distances.
- Volumes representing Average Annual Daily Traffic (AADT).
- Truck percentages.
- PennDOT urban/rural classifications.
- PennDOT functional class codes.
- Number of signals (based on linkage to PennDOT's Geographic Information System (GIS) signal location data).

RMS volumes and distances are used in calculating highway VMT totals for each county. As discussed in the next section, adjustments are needed to convert the volumes to an average summer weekday, winter weekday, and monthly day (including weekends and weekdays), as applicable to the pollutant/precursor being analyzed. In addition, the traffic volumes must be forecast to support future years. Lane values and traffic signals are important inputs for determining the congestion and speeds for individual highway segments. Truck percentages are used in the speed determination process in order to split volumes to individual vehicle types used by MOVES software. Road segments are classified not only by function, but also by whether they are located in an urban, small urban or rural area. The PennDOT urban/rural (UR) and functional classes (FC) designations are important indicators of the type and function of each roadway segment. These variables provide valuable insights into other characteristics not contained in the RMS data, which are used for speed and emission calculations.

VMT forecast growth rates are based on PennDOT's VMT forecasting system, as documented in the report "Statistical Evaluation of Projected Traffic Growth, Traffic Growth Forecasting System: Final Report, March 14, 2005". The PennDOT forecasting system includes the development of VMT forecasts and growth rates for four functional classifications in each Pennsylvania county: urban interstate, urban non-interstate, rural interstate, and rural non-interstate. The forecasts use statistical relationships based on historic Highway Performance Monitoring System (HPMS) VMT trends and future county socioeconomic projections based on the 2012 Woods and Poole Economics, Inc. State Profile (<http://www.woodsandpoole.com/>). The statistical models incorporate historical VMT trends, socioeconomic data (households, mean household income), and a relative measure of transportation capacity (lane miles per capita). PennDOT's BPR maintains and updates these growth rates on a periodic basis based on new demographic projections and updated information on HPMS VMT. The results of the updated VMT forecasts have been shared with the participants in the Pennsylvania Transportation-Air Quality Working Group.

Other Supporting Traffic Data

Other traffic data is used to adjust and disaggregate traffic volumes. Key sources used in these processes include the following:

- *Highway Performance Monitoring System (HPMS VMT)*: According to EPA guidance, baseline inventory VMT computed from the RMS highway segment volumes must be adjusted to be consistent with HPMS VMT totals. The VMT contained in the HPMS reports are considered to represent average annual daily traffic (AADT), an average of all days in the year, including weekends and holidays. Adjustment factors are calculated for the 2014 analysis year. These factors are used to adjust locally modeled roadway data VMT to be consistent with the reported HPMS totals, and are applied to all county and facility group combinations within the region. These adjustments are important to account for local roadway VMT not represented within the regional travel demand model.
- *Seasonal Factors*: The traffic volumes estimated from the RMS are adjusted to summer or average monthly conditions (as needed for annual processing), using seasonal adjustment factors prepared by PennDOT's BPR in their annual traffic data report published on the BPR website (<http://www.dot.state.pa.us/> Search: Research and Planning). The seasonal factors are also used to develop MOVES daily and monthly VMT fraction files, allowing MOVES to determine the portion of annual VMT that occurs in each month of the year.
- *Hourly Patterns*: Speeds and emissions vary considerably depending on the time of day. In order to produce accurate emission estimates, it is important to estimate the pattern by which roadway volume varies by breaking the data down into hourly increments. Pattern data is in the form of a percentage of the daily volumes for each hour. Distributions are provided for all the counties within the region and by each facility type grouping. The hourly pattern data has been developed from 24-hour vehicle count data compiled by PennDOT's BPR, using the process identified in PennDOT's annual traffic data report. The same factors are also used to develop the MOVES hourly fraction file.

Vehicle Class

Emission rates within MOVES also vary significantly by vehicle type. MOVES produces emission rates for thirteen MOVES vehicle source input types. VMT, however, is input to MOVES by six HPMS vehicle groups (note that passenger cars and light trucks are grouped for input to MOVES2014). **Exhibit 4** summarizes the distinction between each classification scheme.

EXHIBIT 4: MOVES SOURCE TYPES AND HPMS VEHICLE GROUPS

<u>SOURCE TYPES</u>		<u>HPMS Class Groups</u>	
11	Motorcycle	10	Motorcycle
21	Passenger Car	25	Passenger Car
31	Passenger Truck	25	Passenger/Light Truck
32	Light Commercial Truck	40	Buses
41	Intercity Bus	50	Single Unit Trucks
42	Transit Bus	60	Combination Trucks
43	School bus		
51	Refuse Truck		
52	Single Unit Short-haul Truck		
53	Single Unit Long-haul Truck		
54	Motor Home		
61	Combination Short-haul Truck		
62	Combination Long-haul Truck		

The emissions estimation process includes a method to disaggregate the traffic volumes to the thirteen source types and then to recombine the estimates to the six HPMS vehicle classes. Vehicle type pattern data is used by PPSUITE to distribute the hourly roadway segment volumes among the thirteen MOVES source types. Similar to the 24-hour pattern data, this data contains percentage splits to each source type for every hour of the day. The vehicle type pattern data is developed from several sources of information:

- PennDOT truck percentages from the RMS database.
- Hourly distributions for trucks and total traffic compiled by PennDOT’s BPR.
- Transit data from PennDOT and the National Transit Database (NTD) Transit Profiles (<https://www.ntdprogram.gov>).
- School bus registration data from PennDOT’s Bureau of Motor Vehicles Registration Database.

Vehicle type percentages are also input into the capacity analysis section of PPSUITE to adjust the speeds in response to truck volume. Larger trucks take up more roadway space compared to an equal number of cars and light trucks, which is accounted for in the speed estimation process by adjusting capacity using information from the Transportation Research Board’s fifth edition of the *Highway Capacity Manual*. (<http://hcm.trb.org/>).

Vehicle Ages

Vehicle age distributions are input to MOVES for each of the thirteen source types. These distributions reflect the percentage of the vehicle fleet falling under each vehicle model year (MY), to a maximum age of 31 years. The vehicle age distributions were prepared from the most recently available registration download from PennDOT’s Bureau of Motor Vehicles Registration Database. Due to data limitations,

information for light duty vehicles (including source types 11, 21, 31 and 32) was used as local data for MOVES inputs, while heavy-duty vehicles (including source types 41, 42, 43, 51, 52, 53, 54, 61, and 62) used the internal MOVES national default data. The registration data download is based on MOBILE6.2 vehicle categories. The data was converted to source types using the EPA convertor spreadsheets provided with the MOVES emission model.

Vehicle Population

The vehicle population information, including the number and age of vehicles, impacts forecasted start and evaporative emissions within MOVES. Similar to vehicle ages, MOVES requires vehicle populations for each of the thirteen source type categories. County vehicle registration data was used to estimate vehicle population for light-duty vehicles, transit buses, and school buses. Other heavy-duty vehicle population values were based on VMT for each source type using the vehicle mix and pattern data discussed previously. PPSUITE automatically applies MOVES default ratios of VMT and source type population (e.g. the number of miles per vehicle by source type) to the local VMT estimates to produce vehicle population.

For the preparation of source type population for other required conformity analysis years, base values were adjusted using forecast population and household data for the area. Growth rates were limited so as to not exceed the VMT growth assumptions.

Meteorology Data

Average monthly minimum temperatures, maximum temperatures, and humidity values are consistent with the regional State Implementation Plan (SIP) modeling conducted by DEP. The data was obtained from WeatherBank, Inc. EPA's MOBILE6.2-MOVES meteorological data convertor spreadsheet (<http://www.epa.gov/oms/models/moves/tools.htm>) was used to prepare the hourly temperature inputs needed for the MOVES model, based on the available data.

Fuel Parameters

The MOVES default fuel formulation and fuel supply data were reviewed and updated based on available local volumetric fuel property information. The gasohol market penetration and Reid Vapor Pressure (RVP) values were updated, but MOVES default data was used for the remaining parameters. Key assumptions include:

- 10.0 RVP used for summer months [Local data].
- 10% ethanol used throughout the year [MOVES defaults].

I/M Program Parameters

The inspection maintenance (I/M) program inputs to the MOVES model are based on previous and current programs within each county (all PA I/M programs are based on county boundaries). All analysis years include Pennsylvania's statewide I/M program. The default I/M program parameters included in

MOVES were examined for each county and necessary changes were made to the default parameters to match the actual local program.

The I/M program requirements vary by region (five regions) and include on-board diagnostics (OBD) technology that uses the vehicle's computer for model years 1996 and newer to identify potential engine and exhaust system problems that could affect emissions. The program, named PAOBDII, is implemented by region as follows:

- *Philadelphia Region* - Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery and Philadelphia Counties
[Includes tailpipe exhaust testing using ASM2015 or equipment for pre-1996 vehicles up to 25 years old]
- *Pittsburgh Region* - Allegheny, Beaver, Washington and Westmoreland Counties.
[Includes tailpipe exhaust testing using PA 97 equipment for pre-1996 vehicles up to 25 years old]
- *South Central and Lehigh Valley Region* - Berks, Cumberland, Dauphin, Lancaster, Lebanon, Lehigh, Northampton and York Counties.
[Gas cap and visual inspection only]
- *North Region* - Blair, Cambria, Centre, Erie, Lackawanna, Luzerne, Lycoming, and Mercer Counties.
[Gas cap and visual inspection only]
- *Other 42 Counties* – Includes the remaining 42 counties not included above.
[Visual inspection only]

Other Vehicle Technology and Control Strategy Data

Current federal vehicle emissions control and fuel programs are incorporated into the MOVES software. These include the National Program standards covering vehicles MY2012-MY2016. Modifications of default emission rates are required to reflect the early implementation of the National Low Emission Vehicle (NLEV) Program in Pennsylvania. To reflect these impacts, EPA has released instructions and input files that can be used to model these impacts.

The Pennsylvania Clean Vehicles (PCV) Program, adopted in 1998, incorporate the California Low Emission Vehicle Regulations (CA LEV, as amended) by reference. The PCV Program allowed automakers to comply with the NLEV program as an alternative to this Pennsylvania program until MY2006. Beginning with MY2008, all "new" passenger cars and light-duty trucks with a gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR) of 8,500 pounds or less sold/leased and titled in Pennsylvania must be certified by the California Air Resources Board (CARB) or be certified for sale in all 50 states. For this program, a "new" vehicle is a qualified vehicle with an odometer reading less than 7,500 miles. DEP and PennDOT both work with the public, including manufacturers, vehicle dealers and consumers, to ensure that vehicles sold and purchased in Pennsylvania or vehicles purchased from other states by Pennsylvania residents comply with the requirements of the PCV Program, in order to be titled in Pennsylvania. Additionally, PennDOT ensures that paperwork for title and registration includes proof of CARB- or 50-state emission certification or that the vehicle owner qualifies for an exemption to the requirements, as listed on PennDOT's MV-9 form and in the PCV Program regulation. When necessary, information from

PennDOT's title and registration process may be used to audit vehicle title transactions to determine program compliance.

The impacts of this program are modeled for all analysis years beyond 2008 using the same instructions and tools downloaded for the early NLEV analysis. EPA provided input files to reflect state programs similar to the CA LEV, as amended. Modifications to those files were made to reflect a 2008 program start date for Pennsylvania.

Analysis Process Details

The previous sections have summarized the input data used for computing speeds and emission rates for this conformity analysis. This section explains how PPSUITE and MOVES use that input data to produce emission estimates. **Exhibit 5** provides a more detailed overview of the PPSUITE analysis procedure using the available traffic data information described in the previous sections.

VMT Preparation

Producing an emissions inventory with PPSUITE requires a process of disaggregation and aggregation. Data is available and used on a very detailed scale – individual roadway segments for each of the 24 hours of the day. This data needs to be processed individually to determine the distribution of vehicle hours of travel (VHT) by speed and then aggregated by vehicle class to determine the input VMT to the MOVES emission model. Key steps in the preparation of VMT include:

- *Assemble VMT* - The RMS database contains the roadway segments, distances and travel volumes needed to estimate VMT. PPSUITE processes each segment by simply multiplying the assigned travel volume by the distance to obtain VMT.
- *Apply Seasonal Adjustments* – PPSUITE adjusts the traffic volumes to the appropriate analysis season using an average monthly day to support annual PM_{2.5} analyses. These traffic volumes are assembled by PPSUITE and extrapolated over the course of a year to produce the annual VMT file input to MOVES.
- *Disaggregate to Hours* - After seasonal adjustments are applied, the traffic volumes are distributed to each hour of the day. This allows for more accurate speed calculations (effects of congested hours) and allows PPSUITE to prepare the hourly VMT and speeds for input to MOVES.
- *Peak Spreading* - After distributing the daily volumes to each hour of the day, PPSUITE identifies hours that are unreasonably congested. For those hours, PPSUITE then spreads a portion of the volume to other hours within the same peak period, thereby approximating the “peak spreading” that normally occurs in such over-capacity conditions. This process also helps prevent hours with unreasonably congested speeds from disproportionately impacting emission calculations.
- *Disaggregation to Vehicle Types* - EPA requires VMT estimates to be prepared by the six HPMS vehicle groups, reflecting specific local characteristics. As described in the previous section, the hourly volumes are disaggregated into thirteen MOVES source types based on data from PennDOT

and NTD, in combination with MOVES defaults. The thirteen MOVES source types are then recombined into six HPMS vehicle classes.

- *Apply HPMS VMT Adjustments* - Volumes must also be adjusted to account for differences with the HPMS VMT totals, as described in previous sections. VMT adjustment factors are provided as inputs to PPSUITE and are applied to each of the roadway segment volumes. VMT adjustment factors are also applied to runs for future years.
- *Apply VMT Growth Adjustments* Volumes must also be adjusted to estimate future year VMT. VMT growth factors are provided as inputs to PPSUITE, and are applied to each of the roadway segment volumes. The VMT growth factors were developed from the PennDOT BPR Growth Rate forecasting system.

Speed Estimation

Emissions for many pollutants (including VOC and NO_x) vary significantly with travel speed. VOC emissions generally decrease as speed increases, while NO_x emissions decrease at low speeds and increase at higher speeds, as illustrated in **Exhibit 6**. Because emissions are so sensitive to speed changes, EPA recommends special attention be given to developing reasonable and consistent speed estimates. EPA also recommends that VMT be disaggregated into subsets that have roughly equal speeds, with separate emission factors for each subset. At a minimum, speeds should be estimated separately by road type.

The computational framework used for this analysis meets and exceeds the recommendation above relating to speed estimates. Speeds are individually calculated for each roadway segment and hour. Rather than accumulating the roadway segments into a particular road type and calculating an average speed, each individual link hourly speed is represented in the MOVES vehicle hours of travel (VHT) by a speed bin file. This MOVES input file allows the specification of a distribution of hourly speeds. For example, if 5% of a county's arterial VHT operates at 5 mph during the AM peak hour and the remaining 95% operates at 65 mph, this can be represented in the MOVES speed input file. For the roadway vehicle emissions calculations, speed distributions are input to MOVES by road type and source type for each hour of the day.

To calculate speeds, PPSUITE first obtains initial capacities (i.e., how much volume the roadway can serve before heavy congestion) and free-flow speeds (speeds assuming no congestion) from a speed/capacity lookup table. As described previously, this data contains default roadway information indexed by the area and facility type codes. For areas with known characteristics, values can be directly coded to the database and the speed/capacity default values can be overridden. For most areas where known information is unavailable, the speed/capacity lookup tables provide valuable default information regarding speeds, capacities, signal characteristics, and other capacity adjustment information used for calculating congested delays and speeds. The result of this process is an estimated average travel time for each hour of the day for each highway segment. The average travel time multiplied by traffic volume produces vehicle hours of travel (VHT).

EXHIBIT 5: PPSUITE SPEED/EMISSION ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

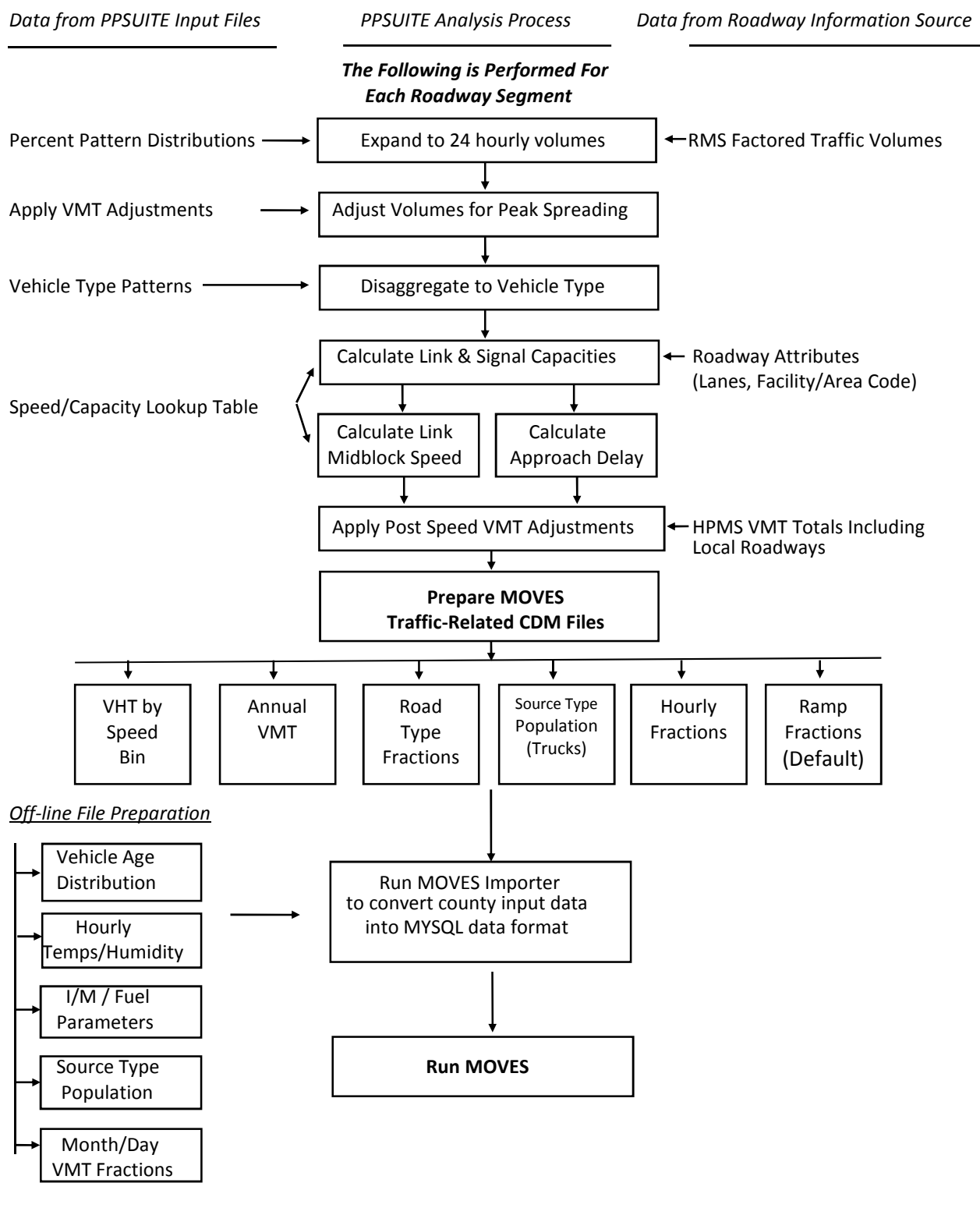
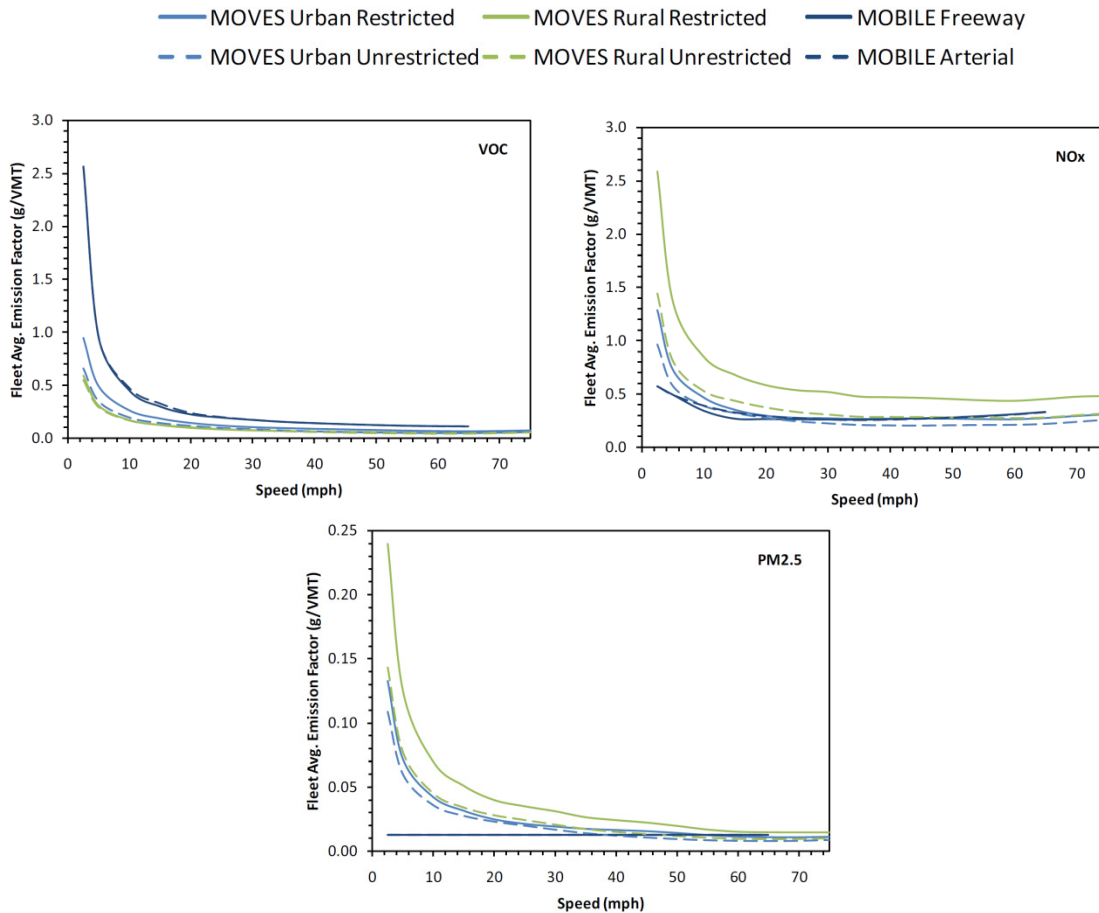


EXHIBIT 6: EMISSION FACTOR VS. SPEED VARIANCES (VOC, NO_x, AND PM_{2.5})



Source: Figure 3 from *Implications of the MOVES2010 Model on Mobile Source Emission Estimates*, Air & Waste Management Association, July 2010.

Developing the MOVES Traffic Input Files

The PPSUITE software is responsible for producing the following MOVES input files during any analysis run:

- VMT by HPMS vehicle class.
- VHT by speed bin.
- Road type distributions.
- Hourly VMT fractions.
- Ramp fractions.

These files are text formatted files with a *.csv extension. The files are provided as inputs within the MOVES County Data Manager (CDM) and are described below:

- *VMT Input File*: VMT is the primary traffic input affecting emission results. The roadway segment distances and traffic volumes are used to prepare estimates of VMT. PPSUITE performs these calculations and outputs the MOVES annual VMT input file to the County Data Manager (CDM). The annual VMT is computed by multiplying the RMS roadway adjusted VMT by 365 days (366 days in a leap year).
- *VHT by Speed Bin File*: As described in the previous section, the PPSUITE software prepares the MOVES VHT by speed bin file, which summarizes the distribution of speeds across all links into each of the 16 MOVES speed bins for each hour of the day by road type. This robust process is consistent with the methods and recommendations provided in EPA's technical guidance for the MOVES2014 model (<http://www.epa.gov/otaq/models/moves/>) and ensures that MOVES emission rates are used to the fullest extent.
- *Road Type Distributions*: Within MOVES, typical drive cycles and associated operating conditions vary by roadway type. MOVES defines five different roadway types as follows:
 - 1 Off-Network.
 - 2 Rural Restricted Access.
 - 3 Rural Unrestricted Access.
 - 4 Urban Restricted Access.
 - 5 Urban Unrestricted Access.

For this analysis, the MOVES road type distribution file is automatically generated by PPSUITE using defined equivalencies. The off-network road type includes emissions from vehicle starts, extended idling, and evaporative emissions. Off-network activity in MOVES is primarily determined by the Source Type Population input.

- *Ramp Fractions*: Since ramps are not directly represented within the RMS database information, the assumption is that 8% of total Freeway VHT is Ramp VHT, consistent with EPA's technical guidance.

MOVES Runs

After computing speeds and aggregating VMT and VHT, PPSUITE prepares traffic-related inputs needed to run EPA's MOVES software. Additional required MOVES inputs are prepared externally from the processing software, and include temperatures, I/M program parameters, fuel characteristics, vehicle fleet age distributions, and source type population. The MOVES county importer is run in batch mode. This program converts all data files into the MySQL format used by the MOVES model. At that point, a MOVES run specification file (*.mrs) is created which specifies options and key data locations for the run. The MOVES run is then executed in batch mode. A summary of key MOVES run specification settings is shown in **Exhibit 7**. MOVES can be executed using either an inventory or rate-based approach. For this analysis, MOVES is applied using the inventory-based approach. Using this approach, actual VMT and population are provided as inputs to the model; MOVES is responsible for producing the total emissions for the region.

EXHIBIT 7: MOVES RUN SPECIFICATION FILE PARAMETER SETTINGS

Parameter	Setting
MOVES Version	MOVES2014a
MOVES Default Database Version	MOVESDB20161117
Scale	COUNTY
Analysis Mode	Inventory
Time Span	Annual Runs: Single MOVES run with 12-month inputs including all days and hours July Weekday Runs: July month, Weekday, 24 hours
Input Time Aggregation	Hour
Geographic Selection	County [FIPS]
Vehicle Selection	All source types Gasoline, Diesel, CNG, E85
Road Type	All road types including off-network
Pollutants and Processes	All PM _{2.5} categories, NO _x , VOC
Database selection	Early NLEV database PA-Specific CA LEV program database
General Output	Units: Emission = grams; Distance = miles; Time = hours; Energy = Million BTU
Output Emissions	Time = Hour or Month, Emissions by Process ID, Source Type and Road Type

Conformity Analysis Results

Transportation conformity analyses of the current TIP and LRTP have been completed for Cambria County. The analyses were performed according to the requirements of the Federal transportation conformity rule at 40 CFR Part 93, Subpart A. The analyses utilized the methodologies, assumptions and data as presented in previous sections. Interagency consultation has been used to determine applicable emission models, analysis years and emission tests.

Emission Tests

A SIP maintenance plan for the *Johnstown, PA* nonattainment area was approved on August 1, 2007 (72 FR 41905) under the 1997 8-hour ozone NAAQS. The SIP established MVEBs for Cambria County. Those MVEBs were subsequently corrected and approved by EPA on March 4, 2008 (73 FR 11560). The ozone conformity analysis has been conducted to evaluate emissions in comparison to the applicable ozone MVEBs as summarized in **Exhibit 8**.

EXHIBIT 8: 8-HOUR OZONE MOTOR VEHICLE EMISSION BUDGETS

County / Pollutant	2009 Budget (tons/day)	2018 Budget (tons/day)
VOC	3.8	2.3
NO_x	5.6	2.7

On July 16, 2015 EPA approved the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania's request to redesignate the *Johnstown, PA* nonattainment area to attainment for the 1997 annual and 2006 24-hour PM_{2.5} NAAQS. Cambria County is now classified as a maintenance area as a result of the approved redesignation. Cambria County must continue to demonstrate conformity during the maintenance plan time period. The MVEBs provided in the maintenance plans for Cambria County are summarized in **Exhibit 9**.

EXHIBIT 9: ANNUAL PM_{2.5} MOTOR VEHICLE EMISSION BUDGETS

Pollutant	2017 Budget (tons/year)	2025 Budget (tons/year)
PM_{2.5}	62.79	46.71
NO_x	1,707.03	1,077.46

Analysis Years

Section 93.119(g) of the Federal Transportation Conformity Regulations requires that emissions analyses be conducted for specific analysis years as follows:

- A near-term year, one to five years in the future.
- The last year of the LRTP’s forecast period.
- Attainment year of the standard if within timeframe of TIP and LRTP.
- An intermediate year or years such that if there are two years in which analysis is performed, the two analysis years are no more than ten years apart.

All analysis years were determined through the interagency consultation process. **Exhibit 10** provides the analysis years used for this conformity analysis.

EXHIBIT 10: TRANSPORTATION CONFORMITY ANALYSIS YEARS

Analysis Year	Description
2022	Interim Year – <i>Last Year of TIP</i>
2025	Budget Year
2035	Interim Year
2040	Last Year of LRTP

Components of the PM_{2.5} Regional Emissions Analysis

PM_{2.5} can be the result of either direct or indirect emissions. Direct transportation emissions can be the result of brake or tire-wear, particulates in exhaust emissions, or dust raised by on-road vehicles or construction equipment. Possible indirect transportation related emissions of PM_{2.5} include: NH₃, NO_x, SO_x, and VOC. The EPA has ruled that regional analysis of direct PM_{2.5} emissions must include both exhaust and brake/tire-wear emissions. EPA’s current regulations specify that road dust should be included in the regional analysis of direct PM_{2.5} emissions only if the EPA or the state air agency have found it to be a significant contributor to the region’s nonattainment. Neither the EPA nor the state air agency has determined road dust to be a significant contributor in the nonattainment area for this conformity determination.

Until a SIP revision is approved proving that NO_x is insignificant, EPA’s current regulations state that indirect PM_{2.5} emissions must be analyzed for NO_x. Conversely, VOC, SO_x and NH₃ must be analyzed only if the state(s) or the EPA determines one or more of these pollutants significant. Therefore, NO_x is the only indirect PM_{2.5} component analyzed for the nonattainment area in this conformity determination.

Regionally Significant Highway Projects

For the purposes of conformity analysis, model highway networks are created for each analysis year. For the horizon years, regionally significant projects from the LRTP were coded onto the networks. Detailed assessments were only performed for those new projects which may have a significant effect on emissions in accordance with 40 CFR Parts 51 and 93. Only those projects which would increase capacity or significantly impact vehicular speeds were considered. Projects such as bridge replacements and roadway restoration projects, which constitute the majority of the TIP and LRTP list, have been excluded from consideration since they are considered exempt under 40 CFR 93.126-127. A list of highway projects is shown in **Attachment A**.

Analysis Results

An emissions analysis has been completed for the 1997 8-hour ozone NAAQS and the 2006 24-hour PM_{2.5} NAAQS. Forecast years have been estimated using the procedures and assumptions provide in this conformity report. A detailed emission summary is also provided in **Attachment B**. Example MOVES importer (XML) and run specification (MRS) files are provided in **Attachment C**.

1997 Ozone NAAQS

Exhibit 11 summarizes the Cambria County ozone emission results for a summer weekday in each analysis year. The analysis year emission results are compared to the emission budgets in **Exhibit 8**. All years are lower than the applicable conformity budgets established in the regional maintenance plan for the 1997 ozone NAAQS.

EXHIBIT 11: OZONE EMISSION ANALYSIS RESULTS AND CONFORMITY TEST
(Summer Weekday)

Pollutant	2018 BUDGET (tons/day)	2022 (tons/day)	2025 (tons/day)	2035 (tons/day)	2040 (tons/day)
VOC	2.3	1.32	1.07	0.58	0.51
NO _x	2.7	1.68	1.17	0.50	0.48
Conformity Result		Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass

2006 24-hour NAAQS

Exhibit 12 summarizes the Cambria County annual PM_{2.5} and NO_x emissions. Emissions are compared against the available 2017 and 2025 SIP MVEBs listed in **Exhibit 9**. The results illustrate that projected emissions are below the applicable MVEBs.

EXHIBIT 12: ANNUAL PM_{2.5} EMISSION ANALYSIS RESULTS AND CONFORMITY TEST

(Annual)

Pollutant	2022 (tons/year)	2025 (tons/year)	2035 (tons/year)	2040 (tons/year)
PM _{2.5}	23.01	17.89	10.06	8.16
NO _x	613.14	436.38	201.98	177.14
MVEB - PM _{2.5}	62.79	46.71	46.71	46.71
MVEB - NO _x	1,707.03	1,077.46	1,077.46	1,077.46
Conformity Result	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass

Conformity Determination

Financial Constraint

The planning regulations, Sections 450.322(b)(11) and 450.324(e), require the transportation plan to be financially constrained while the existing transportation system is being adequately operated and maintained. Only projects for which construction and operating funds are reasonably expected to be available are included. CCMPO, in conjunction with PennDOT, FHWA and FTA, has developed an estimate of the cost to maintain and operate existing roads, bridges and transit systems in Cambria County and have compared the cost with the estimated revenues and maintenance needs of the new roads over the same period. The TIP and LRTP have been determined to be financially constrained.

Public Participation

The TIP and LRTP have undergone the public participation requirements as well as the comment and response requirements according to the procedures established in compliance with 23 CFR part 450, the CCMPO Public Participation Plan, and Pennsylvania's Conformity SIP. The draft document was made available for a 30-day public review and comment period that included a public meeting.

Conformity Statement

The conformity rule requires that the TIP and LRTP conform to the applicable SIP(s) and be adopted by the MPO/RPO before any federal agency may approve, accept, or fund projects. Conformity is determined by applying criteria outlined in the transportation conformity regulations to the analysis.

The TIP and LRTP for Cambria County are found to conform to the applicable air quality SIP(s) or EPA conformity requirements. This finding of conformity positively reflects on the efforts of the CCMPO and its partners in meeting the regional air quality goals, while maintaining and building an effective transportation system.

Resources

MOVES Model

Modeling Page within EPA's Office of Mobile Sources Website contains a downloadable model, MOVES users guide and other information. See (<http://www.epa.gov/omswww/models.htm>)

Policy Guidance on the Use of MOVES2014 for State Implementation Plan Development, Transportation Conformity, and Other Purposes, US EPA Office of Air and Radiation, EPA-420-B-14-008, July 2014.

MOVES2014 and MOVES2014a Technical Guidance: Using MOVES to Prepare Emission Inventories in State Implementation Plans and Transportation Conformity. US EPA Office of Air and Radiation, and Office of Transportation and Air Quality, EPA-420-B-15-093, November 2015.

MOVES2014a User Guide, US EPA Office of Transportation and Air Quality, EPA-420-B-15-095, November 2015.

Traffic Engineering

Highway Capacity Manual, fifth edition (HCM2010), Transportation Research Board, presents current knowledge and techniques for analyzing the transportation system.

Traffic Data Collection and Factor Development Report, 2008 Data, Pennsylvania Department of Transportation, Bureau of Planning and Research.

Highway Vehicle Emissions Analysis Glossary

AADT: Average Annual Daily Traffic, average of ALL days.

CAA: Clean Air Act as amended.

CARB: California Air Resources Board.

CFR: Code of Federal Regulations.

County Data Manager (CDM): User interface developed to simplify importing specific local data for a single county or a user-defined custom domain without requiring direct interaction with the underlying MySQL database in the MOVES emission model.

DEP: Department of Environmental Protection.

Emission rate or factor: Expresses the amount of pollution emitted per unit of activity. For highway vehicles, this is usually expressed in grams of pollutant emitted per mile driven.

EPA: Environmental Protection Agency.

FC: Functional code. Applied to road segments to identify their type (freeway, local, etc.).

FHWA: Federal Highway Administration.

FR: Federal Register.

FTA: Federal Transit Administration.

Growth factor: Factor used to convert volumes to future years.

HPMS: Highway Performance Monitoring System.

I/M: Vehicle emissions inspection/maintenance programs are required in certain areas of the country. The programs ensure that vehicle emission controls are in good working order throughout the life of the vehicle. The programs require vehicles to be tested for emissions. Most vehicles that do not pass must be repaired.

LRTP: Long Range Transportation Plan

MOVES: Motor Vehicle Emission Simulator. The latest model EPA has developed to estimate emissions from highway vehicles.

MVEB: motor vehicle emissions budget.

NAAQS: National Ambient Air Quality Standard.

Pattern data: Extrapolations of traffic patterns (such as how traffic volume on road segment types varies by time of day, or what kinds of vehicles tend to use a road segment type) from segments with observed data to similar segments.

PPSUITE: Post-Processor for Air Quality. A set of programs that estimate speeds and prepares MOVES inputs and processes MOVES outputs.

Road Type: Functional code, applied in data management to road segments to identify their type (rural/urban highways, rural/urban arterials, etc.).

RMS: Roadway Management System.

SIP: State Implementation Plan.

Source Type: One of thirteen vehicle types used in MOVES modeling.

VHT: Vehicle hours traveled.

VMT: Vehicle miles traveled. In modeling terms, it is the simulated traffic volumes multiplied by link length.

VOC: volatile organic compound emissions.

ATTACHMENT A

Project List

FY2017 TIP			Completion year
99282	Franklin Street Signals	Signal improvements on Franklin Street (SR 3011) at the intersections with Akers Street, Osborne Street, and PA 403 in the City of Johnstown, Cambria County.	2025
110119	PA 756 - Lamberd Ave to Alvin St	Resurfacing and intersection and corridor improvements on Bedford Street (PA 756) from Lamberd Avenue to Alvin Street in Geistown Borough and Richland Township, Cambria County. Potential improvements include signal upgrades, with addition of left and center turn lanes, drainage upgrades, and pedestrian safety and traffic calming improvements.	2025
110153	Scalp Ave Signal Improvements	Signal improvements at various intersections on Scalp Avenue (PA 56) from Terlyn Drive (T-726) to Lamberd Avenue and at the intersection of PA 756 and Belmont Street (SR 3013) in Geistown Borough and Richland Township, Cambria County.	2025
92748	PA756 & Elton Road (SR 160) Intersections	Reconfiguration, addition of left turn lanes, and installation of new traffic signal at Intersection of PA756 and PA160 in Village of Elton, Adams Township	2022
2040 LRTP			Completion year
	Urban Replacement	Replace heavy-duty buses with CNG fueled buses. These vehicles will have exceeded their estimated useful life expectancy and mileage requirements.	2022-2030
	Rural Replacement	Replace small buses with CNG fueled buses. These vehicles will have exceeded their estimated useful life expectancy and mileage requirements.	2023-2030

	Urban Bus Mid-Life Overhauls	Mid-life overhauls on Urban heavy-duty buses.	2021-2030
	Elton Road II Improvements: Donalds Ln.-Industrial Park Rd.	Congestion mitigation and safety improvements on approximately .7 miles of PA Route 756, between segment 130 (Donald Lane) and Segment 150 (Industrial Park Rd.) Proposed improvements include upgrades at the existing signal at Donald Lane, the addition of a new signal at Industrial Park Road, as well as the addition of turning lanes at the Industrial Park Road and Vo-Tech Drive intersections.	2027-2040
	Bedford St. Corridor TSM Improvements: Belmont St. to Luther Rd.	Congestion mitigation and safety improvements along approximately 1.4 miles PA Route 756 (Bedford Street) from Belmont Street to Luther Road. Proposed improvements include widening along the existing alignment, signalization and intersection improvements, possibly including new turning lanes	2027-2040
	Benshoff Hill Widen	Widening along the existing alignment and smoothing of an "S-curve" section of SR 3039 (Benshoff Hill Road)	2027-2040

ATTACHMENT B
Detailed Emission Results

Summer Weekday Ozone Analysis

Detailed Emission Results for Daily Ozone Analysis

Carbon County Ozone Daily Emission Summary 2022 FFY19 Conformity (By Road Type)

County	Road Type	Summer Daily VMT	Speed (mph)	Emissions (Tons/Day)	
				VOC	NOx
Cambria	Off-Network	N/A	N/A	1.07	0.55
	Rural Restricted	0	N/A	0.00	0.00
	Rural UnRestricted	1,246,734	39.7	0.11	0.48
	Urban Restricted	758,465	60.0	0.06	0.33
	Urban UnRestricted	1,061,721	37.3	0.09	0.32
	<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>3,066,920</i>		<i>1.32</i>	<i>1.68</i>
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits				0.00	0.00
Region Total		3,066,920	(Kg/Day)	1.32	1.68

Carbon County Ozone Daily Emission Summary 2022 FFY19 Conformity (By Source Type)

County	Source Type	Summer Daily VMT	Emissions (Tons/Day)		
			VOC	NOx	
Cambria	Motorcycle	19,786	0.06	0.01	
	Passenger Car	1,549,911	0.39	0.23	
	Passenger Truck	1,022,250	0.64	0.62	
	Light Commercial Truck	258,234	0.16	0.17	
	Intercity Bus	199	0.00	0.00	
	Transit Bus	12,135	0.00	0.04	
	School Bus	3,084	0.00	0.01	
	Refuse Truck	3,445	0.00	0.01	
	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	70,722	0.02	0.09	
	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	3,859	0.00	0.00	
	Motor Home	2,695	0.00	0.01	
	Combination Short-haul Truck	27,345	0.00	0.07	
	Combination Long-haul Truck	93,257	0.03	0.42	
	<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>3,066,920</i>	<i>1.32</i>	<i>1.68</i>	
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits			0.00	0.00	
Region Total		3,066,920	(Kg/Day)	1.32	1.68

Carbon County Ozone Daily Emission Summary
2022 FFY19 Conformity (By Emission Process)

County	Emission Process	Emissions (Tons/Day)	
		VOC	NOx
Cambria	Running Exhaust	0.17	1.13
	Start Exhaust	0.59	0.49
	Brakewear	0.00	0.00
	Tirewear	0.00	0.00
	Evap Permeation	0.10	0.00
	Evap Fuel Vapor Venting	0.23	0.00
	Evap Fuel Leaks	0.20	0.00
	Crankcase Running Exhaust	0.00	0.00
	Crankcase Start Exhaust	0.01	0.00
	Crankcase Extended Idle Exhaust	0.00	0.00
	Extended Idle Exhaust	0.01	0.06
	Auxiliary Power Exhaust	0.00	0.00
	<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>1.32</i>	<i>1.68</i>
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits		0.00	0.00
Region Total		1.32	1.68
	(Kg/Day)	1,198	1,523

Carbon County Ozone Daily Emission Summary
2025 FFY19 Conformity (By Road Type)

County	Road Type	Summer Daily VMT	Speed (mph)	Emissions (Tons/Day)	
				VOC	NOx
Cambria	Off-Network	N/A	N/A	0.89	0.43
	Rural Restricted	0	N/A	0.00	0.00
	Rural UnRestricted	1,243,024	39.7	0.08	0.34
	Urban Restricted	739,518	60.0	0.04	0.23
	Urban UnRestricted	1,029,293	37.3	0.07	0.21
		<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>3,011,835</i>		<i>1.08</i>
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits				0.00	-0.05
Region Total		3,011,835		1.07	1.17
		(Kg/Day)		974	1,058

Carbon County Ozone Daily Emission Summary
2025 FFY19 Conformity (By Source Type)

County	Source Type	Summer Daily VMT	Emissions (Tons/Day)	
			VOC	NOx
Cambria	Motorcycle	19,428	0.06	0.01
	Passenger Car	1,521,901	0.34	0.18
	Passenger Truck	1,003,762	0.50	0.42
	Light Commercial Truck	253,566	0.12	0.12
	Intercity Bus	194	0.00	0.00
	Transit Bus	11,963	0.00	0.03
	School Bus	3,020	0.00	0.01
	Refuse Truck	3,376	0.00	0.01
	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	69,547	0.02	0.07
	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	3,816	0.00	0.00
	Motor Home	2,650	0.00	0.00
	Combination Short-haul Truck	26,861	0.00	0.05
	Combination Long-haul Truck	91,751	0.02	0.31
	<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>3,011,835</i>	<i>1.08</i>	<i>1.21</i>
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits			0.00	-0.05
Region Total		3,011,835 (Kg/Day)	1.07 974	1.17 1,058

Carbon County Ozone Daily Emission Summary
2025 FFY19 Conformity (By Emission Process)

County	Emission Process	Emissions (Tons/Day)	
		VOC	NOx
Cambria	Running Exhaust	0.12	0.78
	Start Exhaust	0.47	0.37
	Brakewear	0.00	0.00
	Tirewear	0.00	0.00
	Evap Permeation	0.08	0.00
	Evap Fuel Vapor Venting	0.20	0.00
	Evap Fuel Leaks	0.20	0.00
	Crankcase Running Exhaust	0.00	0.00
	Crankcase Start Exhaust	0.01	0.00
	Crankcase Extended Idle Exhaust	0.00	0.00
	Extended Idle Exhaust	0.01	0.06
	Auxiliary Power Exhaust	0.00	0.00
		<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>1.08</i>
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits		0.00	-0.05
Region Total		1.08 (Kg/Day)	1.17 1,058

Carbon County Ozone Daily Emission Summary
2035 FFY19 Conformity (By Road Type)

County	Road Type	Summer Daily VMT	Speed (mph)	Emissions (Tons/Day)	
				VOC	NOx
Cambria	Off-Network	N/A	N/A	0.48	0.21
	Rural Restricted	0	N/A	0.00	0.00
	Rural UnRestricted	1,267,271	39.7	0.05	0.15
	Urban Restricted	755,220	60.0	0.02	0.11
	Urban UnRestricted	945,971	37.4	0.03	0.08
	<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>2,968,463</i>		<i>0.59</i>	<i>0.55</i>
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits				-0.01	-0.06
Region Total		2,968,463	(Kg/Day)	0.58	0.50
				528	450

Carbon County Ozone Daily Emission Summary
2035 FFY19 Conformity (By Source Type)

County	Source Type	Summer Daily VMT	Emissions (Tons/Day)	
			VOC	NOx
Cambria	Motorcycle	19,131	0.05	0.01
	Passenger Car	1,498,648	0.20	0.09
	Passenger Truck	988,419	0.24	0.13
	Light Commercial Truck	249,701	0.06	0.04
	Intercity Bus	184	0.00	0.00
	Transit Bus	12,003	0.00	0.01
	School Bus	2,934	0.00	0.00
	Refuse Truck	3,324	0.00	0.00
	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	69,375	0.01	0.04
	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	3,823	0.00	0.00
	Motor Home	2,644	0.00	0.00
	Combination Short-haul Truck	26,803	0.00	0.03
	Combination Long-haul Truck	91,475	0.01	0.18
<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>2,968,463</i>	<i>0.59</i>	<i>0.55</i>	
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits			-0.01	-0.06
Region Total		2,968,463	0.58	0.50
		(Kg/Day)	528	450

Carbon County Ozone Daily Emission Summary
2035 FFY19 Conformity (By Emission Process)

County	Emission Process	Emissions (Tons/Day)	
		VOC	NOx
Cambria	Running Exhaust	0.05	0.34
	Start Exhaust	0.19	0.15
	Brakewear	0.00	0.00
	Tirewear	0.00	0.00
	Evap Permeation	0.03	0.00
	Evap Fuel Vapor Venting	0.13	0.00
	Evap Fuel Leaks	0.18	0.00
	Crankcase Running Exhaust	0.00	0.00
	Crankcase Start Exhaust	0.00	0.00
	Crankcase Extended Idle Exhaust	0.00	0.00
	Extended Idle Exhaust	0.01	0.05
	Auxiliary Power Exhaust	0.00	0.00
	<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>0.59</i>	<i>0.55</i>
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits		-0.01	-0.06
Region Total		0.58	0.50
	(Kg/Day)	528	450

Carbon County Ozone Daily Emission Summary
2040 FFY19 Conformity (By Road Type)

County	Road Type	Summer Daily VMT	Speed (mph)	Emissions (Tons/Day)	
				VOC	NOx
Cambria	Off-Network	N/A	N/A	0.41	0.18
	Rural Restricted	0	N/A	0.00	0.00
	Rural UnRestricted	1,294,197	39.6	0.04	0.14
	Urban Restricted	771,246	60.0	0.02	0.10
	Urban UnRestricted	869,451	37.5	0.03	0.06
		<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>2,934,894</i>		<i>0.51</i>
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits				0.00	0.00
Region Total		2,934,894		0.51	0.48
		(Kg/Day)		459	433

Carbon County Ozone Daily Emission Summary
2040 FFY19 Conformity (By Source Type)

County	Source Type	Summer Daily VMT	Emissions (Tons/Day)	
			VOC	NOx
Cambria	Motorcycle	18,905	0.05	0.01
	Passenger Car	1,480,874	0.18	0.08
	Passenger Truck	976,699	0.20	0.10
	Light Commercial Truck	246,745	0.05	0.03
	Intercity Bus	180	0.00	0.00
	Transit Bus	11,938	0.00	0.01
	School Bus	2,898	0.00	0.00
	Refuse Truck	3,368	0.00	0.00
	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	69,063	0.01	0.04
	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	3,787	0.00	0.00
	Motor Home	2,632	0.00	0.00
	Combination Short-haul Truck	26,708	0.00	0.03
	Combination Long-haul Truck	91,098	0.01	0.17
<i>Subtotal</i>		<i>2,934,894</i>	<i>0.51</i>	<i>0.48</i>
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits			0.00	0.00
Region Total		2,934,894 (Kg/Day)	0.51 459	0.48 433

Carbon County Ozone Daily Emission Summary
2040 FFY19 Conformity (By Emission Process)

County	Emission Process	Emissions (Tons/Day)	
		VOC	NOx
Cambria	Running Exhaust	0.04	0.30
	Start Exhaust	0.15	0.13
	Brakewear	0.00	0.00
	Tirewear	0.00	0.00
	Evap Permeation	0.02	0.00
	Evap Fuel Vapor Venting	0.11	0.00
	Evap Fuel Leaks	0.17	0.00
	Crankcase Running Exhaust	0.00	0.00
	Crankcase Start Exhaust	0.00	0.00
	Crankcase Extended Idle Exhaust	0.00	0.00
	Extended Idle Exhaust	0.01	0.05
	Auxiliary Power Exhaust	0.00	0.00
<i>Subtotal</i>		<i>0.51</i>	<i>0.48</i>
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits		0.00	0.00
Region Total		0.51 459 (Kg/Day)	0.48 433

Annual PM_{2.5} Analysis

Detailed Emission Results for Annual PM_{2.5} Analysis

Cambria County PM_{2.5} Annual Emission Summary 2022 FFY19 TIP Conformity (By Road Type)

County	Road Type	Annual VMT	Speed (mph)	Emissions (Tons/Year)	
				NO _x	PM _{2.5}
Cambria	Off-Network	N/A	N/A	212.17	5.52
	Rural Restricted	0	N/A	0.00	0.00
	Rural UnRestricted	409,306,991	48.8	170.97	6.73
	Urban Restricted	244,060,994	55.4	119.72	4.96
	Urban UnRestricted	328,300,193	35.5	110.85	5.83
	<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>981,668,177</i>		<i>613.72</i>	<i>23.04</i>
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits				-0.58	-0.03
Region Total		981,668,177	(Kg/Year)	613.14	23.01
				556,231	20,873

Cambria County PM_{2.5} Annual Emission Summary 2022 FFY19 TIP Conformity (By Source Type)

County	Source Type	Annual VMT	Emissions (Tons/Year)	
			NO _x	PM _{2.5}
Cambria	Motorcycle	6,332,305	5.59	0.19
	Passenger Car	496,034,390	93.20	5.62
	Passenger Truck	327,161,650	226.73	6.87
	Light Commercial Truck	82,645,460	61.07	1.84
	Intercity Bus	63,594	0.41	0.02
	Transit Bus	3,879,739	15.93	0.39
	School Bus	985,979	3.30	0.19
	Refuse Truck	1,100,299	3.07	0.13
	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	22,678,180	29.95	1.34
	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	1,245,465	1.69	0.08
	Motor Home	863,488	1.82	0.08
	Combination Short-haul Truck	8,762,278	24.55	0.91
	Combination Long-haul Truck	29,915,350	146.40	5.39
	<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>981,668,177</i>	<i>613.72</i>	<i>23.04</i>
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits			-0.58	-0.03
Region Total		981,668,177	613.14	23.01
		(Kg/Year)	556,231	20,873

Cambria County PM2.5 Annual Emission Summary
2022 FFY19 TIP Conformity (By Emission Process)

County	Emission Process	Emissions (Tons/Year)	
		NOx	PM _{2.5}
Cambria	Running Exhaust	401.43	11.55
	Start Exhaust	188.29	5.14
	Brakewear	0.00	2.87
	Tirewear	0.00	1.57
	Evap Permeation	0.00	0.00
	Evap Fuel Vapor Venting	0.00	0.00
	Evap Fuel Leaks	0.00	0.00
	Crankcase Running Exhaust	0.12	1.51
	Crankcase Start Exhaust	0.01	0.05
	Crankcase Extended Idle Exhaust	0.01	0.06
	Extended Idle Exhaust	23.31	0.25
	Auxiliary Power Exhaust	0.55	0.03
<i>Subtotal</i>		<i>613.72</i>	<i>23.04</i>
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits		-0.58	-0.03
Region Total		613.14	23.01
	(Kg/Year)	556,231	20,873

Cambria County PM2.5 Annual Emission Summary
2025 FFY19 TIP Conformity (By Road Type)

County	Road Type	Annual VMT	Speed (mph)	Emissions (Tons/Year)	
				NOx	PM _{2.5}
Cambria	Off-Network	N/A	N/A	169.51	4.79
	Rural Restricted	0	N/A	0.00	0.00
	Rural UnRestricted	407,904,235	48.8	120.48	5.41
	Urban Restricted	237,969,806	55.4	83.31	3.81
	Urban UnRestricted	318,259,025	35.6	74.78	4.78
<i>Subtotal</i>		<i>964,133,066</i>		<i>448.08</i>	<i>18.79</i>
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits				-11.70	-0.90
Region Total		964,133,066		436.38	17.89
		(Kg/Year)		395,875	16,233

Cambria County PM2.5 Annual Emission Summary
2025 FFY19 TIP Conformity (By Source Type)

County	Source Type	Annual VMT	Emissions (Tons/Year)	
			NOx	PM _{2.5}
Cambria	Motorcycle	6,218,109	5.47	0.18
	Passenger Car	487,090,930	74.99	5.05
	Passenger Truck	321,258,710	155.79	5.94
	Light Commercial Truck	81,155,040	42.28	1.57
	Intercity Bus	49,633	0.24	0.01
	Transit Bus	3,834,958	11.39	0.29
	School Bus	968,082	2.43	0.14
	Refuse Truck	1,075,446	2.14	0.08
	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	22,331,468	22.16	0.95
	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	1,226,498	1.26	0.06
	Motor Home	850,078	1.34	0.06
	Combination Short-haul Truck	8,612,995	17.58	0.63
	Combination Long-haul Truck	29,461,120	111.02	3.82
	<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>964,133,066</i>	<i>448.08</i>	<i>18.79</i>
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits			-11.70	-0.90
Region Total		964,133,066 (Kg/Year)	436.38 395,875	17.89 16,233

Cambria County PM2.5 Annual Emission Summary
2025 FFY19 TIP Conformity (By Emission Process)

County	Emission Process	Emissions (Tons/Year)	
		NOx	PM _{2.5}
Cambria	Running Exhaust	278.50	8.55
	Start Exhaust	146.26	4.46
	Brakewear	0.00	2.81
	Tirewear	0.00	1.54
	Evap Permeation	0.00	0.00
	Evap Fuel Vapor Venting	0.00	0.00
	Evap Fuel Leaks	0.00	0.00
	Crankcase Running Exhaust	0.07	1.10
	Crankcase Start Exhaust	0.01	0.04
	Crankcase Extended Idle Exhaust	0.01	0.05
	Extended Idle Exhaust	22.57	0.20
	Auxiliary Power Exhaust	0.67	0.04
	<i>Subtotal</i>		<i>448.08</i>
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits		-11.70	-0.90
Region Total		436.38 395,875 (Kg/Year)	17.89 16,233

Cambria County PM2.5 Annual Emission Summary
2035 FFY19 TIP Conformity (By Road Type)

County	Road Type	Annual VMT	Speed (mph)	Emissions (Tons/Year)	
				NOx	PM _{2.5}
Cambria	Off-Network	N/A	N/A	94.70	2.66
	Rural Restricted	0	N/A	0.00	0.00
	Rural UnRestricted	415,832,974	48.8	54.49	3.30
	Urban Restricted	243,022,050	55.4	39.03	2.13
	Urban UnRestricted	292,519,029	35.7	28.49	3.00
	<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>951,374,052</i>		<i>216.71</i>	<i>11.08</i>
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits				-14.74	-1.02
Region Total		951,374,052	(Kg/Year)	201.98	10.06
				183,229	9,131

Cambria County PM2.5 Annual Emission Summary
2035 FFY19 TIP Conformity (By Source Type)

County	Source Type	Annual VMT	Emissions (Tons/Year)	
			NOx	PM _{2.5}
Cambria	Motorcycle	6,128,688	5.38	0.17
	Passenger Car	480,086,000	43.95	3.39
	Passenger Truck	316,636,370	55.17	3.79
	Light Commercial Truck	79,990,780	15.47	0.99
	Intercity Bus	59,221	0.09	0.00
	Transit Bus	3,860,412	4.92	0.13
	School Bus	943,743	0.91	0.03
	Refuse Truck	1,078,047	1.39	0.05
	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	22,366,692	14.30	0.59
	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	1,230,674	0.85	0.03
	Motor Home	852,679	0.62	0.03
	Combination Short-haul Truck	8,653,788	11.25	0.35
	Combination Long-haul Truck	29,486,959	62.41	1.51
	<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>951,374,052</i>	<i>216.71</i>	<i>11.08</i>
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits			-14.74	-1.02
Region Total		951,374,052	201.98	10.06
		(Kg/Year)	183,229	9,131

Cambria County PM2.5 Annual Emission Summary
2035 FFY19 TIP Conformity (By Emission Process)

County	Emission Process	Emissions (Tons/Year)	
		NOx	PM _{2.5}
Cambria	Running Exhaust	122.01	3.63
	Start Exhaust	73.39	2.51
	Brakewear	0.00	2.71
	Tirewear	0.00	1.52
	Evap Permeation	0.00	0.00
	Evap Fuel Vapor Venting	0.00	0.00
	Evap Fuel Leaks	0.00	0.00
	Crankcase Running Exhaust	0.00	0.56
	Crankcase Start Exhaust	0.00	0.02
	Crankcase Extended Idle Exhaust	0.00	0.02
	Extended Idle Exhaust	20.27	0.05
	Auxiliary Power Exhaust	1.03	0.06
	<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>216.71</i>	<i>11.08</i>
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits		-14.74	-1.02
Region Total		201.98	10.06
	(Kg/Year)	183,229	9,131

Cambria County PM2.5 Annual Emission Summary
2040 FFY19 TIP Conformity (By Road Type)

County	Road Type	Annual VMT	Speed (mph)	Emissions (Tons/Year)	
				NOx	PM _{2.5}
Cambria	Off-Network	N/A	N/A	85.51	1.94
	Rural Restricted	0	N/A	0.00	0.00
	Rural UnRestricted	421,407,796	48.8	48.20	3.04
	Urban Restricted	246,273,007	55.4	34.89	1.92
	Urban UnRestricted	281,207,145	35.7	23.33	2.68
	<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>948,887,949</i>		<i>191.93</i>	<i>9.57</i>
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits				-14.79	-1.41
Region Total		948,887,949		177.14	8.16
		(Kg/Year)		160,697	7,403

Cambria County PM2.5 Annual Emission Summary
2040 FFY19 TIP Conformity (By Source Type)

County	Source Type	Annual VMT	Emissions (Tons/Year)	
			NOx	PM _{2.5}
Cambria	Motorcycle	6,109,861	5.40	0.17
	Passenger Car	478,610,020	39.72	2.93
	Passenger Truck	315,663,320	42.24	3.07
	Light Commercial Truck	79,746,690	11.96	0.82
	Intercity Bus	58,516	0.07	0.00
	Transit Bus	3,881,714	4.60	0.13
	School Bus	942,223	0.78	0.03
	Refuse Truck	1,077,001	1.37	0.05
	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	22,454,266	13.99	0.59
	Single Unit Long-haul Truck	1,224,283	0.82	0.03
	Motor Home	855,452	0.57	0.03
	Combination Short-haul Truck	8,672,494	10.98	0.34
	Combination Long-haul Truck	29,592,108	59.42	1.39
	<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>948,887,949</i>	<i>191.93</i>	<i>9.57</i>
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits			-14.79	-1.41
Region Total		948,887,949 (Kg/Year)	177.14 160,697	8.16 7,403

Cambria County PM2.5 Annual Emission Summary
2040 FFY19 TIP Conformity (By Emission Process)

County	Emission Process	Emissions (Tons/Year)	
		NOx	PM _{2.5}
Cambria	Running Exhaust	106.42	2.91
	Start Exhaust	64.59	1.82
	Brakewear	0.00	2.67
	Tirewear	0.00	1.51
	Evap Permeation	0.00	0.00
	Evap Fuel Vapor Venting	0.00	0.00
	Evap Fuel Leaks	0.00	0.00
	Crankcase Running Exhaust	0.00	0.53
	Crankcase Start Exhaust	0.00	0.02
	Crankcase Extended Idle Exhaust	0.00	0.01
	Extended Idle Exhaust	19.75	0.02
	Auxiliary Power Exhaust	1.16	0.07
	<i>Subtotal</i>		<i>191.93</i>
Off-Model Project Emission Benefits		-14.79	-1.41
Region Total		177.14 160,697 (Kg/Year)	8.16 7,403

ATTACHMENT C

**Sample MOVES Data Importer (XML) Input File
and
Run Specification (MRS) Input File**

(Sample for 2025 July Weekday and Annual Runs)

MOVES County Data Manager Importer File – Daily Run (MOVESIMPORTER.XML)

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        <onroadvehicleselection fueltypeid="5" fueltypedesc="Ethanol (E-85)" sourcetypeid="21" sourcetypeid="Passenger Car"/>
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Truck"/>
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Truck"/>
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    </offroadvehicleselections>
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        <roadtype roadtypeid="2" roadtypename="Rural Restricted Access"/>
        <roadtype roadtypeid="3" roadtypename="Rural Unrestricted Access"/>
        <roadtype roadtypeid="4" roadtypename="Urban Restricted Access"/>
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</avgspeeddistribution>

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  </parts>
</imcoverage>

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    </FuelFormulation>
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  </parts>
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    </parts>
  </zonemonthhour>

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    </hpmsVTypeYear>
    <monthvmtfraction>
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  </parts>
</vehicletypevmt>

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    </startsSourceTypeFraction>
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</starts>

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</hotelling>

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MOVES Run Specification File – Daily Run (MOVESRUN.MRS)

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data]]></description>
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</geographicselections>
<timespan>
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<aggregateBy key="Hour"/>
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<onroadvehicleselection fueltypeid="3" fueltypedesc="Compressed Natural Gas (CNG)" sourcetypeid="21" sourcetyponame="Passenger Car"/>
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Truck"/>
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Truck"/>
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<onroadvehicleselection fueltypeid="3" fueltypedesc="Compressed Natural Gas (CNG)" sourcetypeid="53" sourcetyponame="Single Unit Long-
haul Truck"/>
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Long-haul Truck"/>

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<fueltype selected="false"/>
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<emissionprocess selected="true"/>
  <onroadoffroad selected="true"/>
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  <movesvehicletype selected="false"/>
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  <hpclass selected="false"/>
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<outputstarts value="true"/>
<outputpopulation value="true"/>
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</outputfactors>
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useParameters
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]]></internalcontrolstrategy>
  </internalcontrolstrategies>
</runspec>
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MOVES County Data Manager Importer File – Annual Run (MOVESIMPORTER.XML)

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    </geographicselections>
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      <day id="2"/>
      <day id="5"/>
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      <endhour id="24"/>
      <aggregateBy key="Hour"/>
    </timespan>
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      <onroadvehicleselection fueltypeid="2" fueltypedesc="Diesel Fuel" sourcetypeid="41" sourcetyponame="Intercity Bus"/>
      <onroadvehicleselection fueltypeid="2" fueltypedesc="Diesel Fuel" sourcetypeid="32" sourcetyponame="Light Commercial Truck"/>
      <onroadvehicleselection fueltypeid="2" fueltypedesc="Diesel Fuel" sourcetypeid="54" sourcetyponame="Motor Home"/>
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      <onroadvehicleselection fueltypeid="2" fueltypedesc="Diesel Fuel" sourcetypeid="21" sourcetyponame="Passenger Car"/>
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      <onroadvehicleselection fueltypeid="2" fueltypedesc="Diesel Fuel" sourcetypeid="51" sourcetyponame="Refuse Truck"/>
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MOVES Run Specification File – Annual Run (MOVESRUN.MRS)

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Truck"/>
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Truck"/>
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Extended Idle Exhaust"/>
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Extended Idle Exhaust"/>
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